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IMPORTANT DATES

July 17, 2023

OSHA announced a final rule to require certain employers in designated high-hazard industries to electronically submit injury and illness information.

July 21, 2023

The new rule will be published in the Federal Register.

Jan. 1, 2024

Effective date for the final rule for designated high-hazard industries.

OSHA's Final Rule to Improve Injury and Illness Tracking Starts Jan. 1, 2024

OSHA requires certain employers to electronically submit workplace injury and illness information to the agency through its Injury Tracking Application (ITA) every year. On July 17, 2023, OSHA announced a <u>final rule</u> that requires certain employers in designated high-hazard industries to electronically submit additional injury and illness information. This additional information can be gathered from records that employers are already required to keep.

The final rule becomes effective on Jan. 1, 2024. The ITA will begin accepting 2023 injury and illness data on Jan. 2, 2024.

Injury and Illness Submission Expansion Overview

Under this OSHA final rule, establishments in certain high-hazard industries must electronically submit information from their Log of Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses and their Injury and Illness Incident Report.

The final rule includes the following submission requirements:

- Certain establishments must electronically submit detailed information about each recordable injury and illness entered on their previous calendar year's OSHA 300 Log and 301 Incident Report forms (29 CFR 1904.41) to OSHA. This includes the date, physical location, and severity of the injury or illness; details about the worker who was injured; and details about how the injury or illness occurred;
- Only establishments with 100 or more employees in designated industries are required to submit case-specific information from the OSHA Form 300 Log and the OSHA Form 301 Incident Report; and
- The data must be electronically submitted through OSHA's ITA.
 Establishments are also required to include their legal company name when making electronic submissions to OSHA from their injury and illness records to improve data quality.

The final rule retains the current requirements for electronic submission of Form 300A information from establishments with 20-249 employees in certain high-hazard industries and establishments with 250 or more employees in industries that must routinely keep OSHA injury and illness records.

Some of the data collected on the OSHA website will be published to allow employers, employees, potential employees, employee representatives, current and potential customers, researchers and the general public to use information about a company's workplace safety and health record to make informed decisions. OSHA stated that it believes that providing public access to the data will ultimately reduce occupational injuries and illnesses.

Designated Industries

Establishments with 100 or more employees in designated industries are required to submit case-specific information from the OSHA Form 300 Log and the OSHA Form 301 Incident Report. Establishments that had a peak employment of 100 or more employees during the previous calendar year meet this size criteria.

The designated industries are listed in <u>Appendix B</u> to Subpart E of 29 C.F.R. Part 1904 under their North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code. The final Appendix B to Subpart E is as follows from the <u>final rule</u> in the Federal Register:

NAICS	Industry
1111	Oilseed and Grain Farming
1112	Vegetable and Melon Farming
1113	Fruit and Tree Nut Farming
1114	Greenhouse, Nursery and Floriculture Production
1119	Other Crop Farming
1121	Cattle Ranching and Farming
1122	Hog and Pig Farming
1123	Poultry and Egg Production
1129	Other Animal Production
1133	Logging
1141	Fishing
1142	Hunting and Trapping
1151	Support Activities for Crop Production
1152	Support Activities for Animal Production
1153	Support Activities for Forestry
2213	Water, Sewage and Other Systems
2381	Foundation, Structure and Building Exterior Contractors
3111	Animal Food Manufacturing
3113	Sugar and Confectionery Product Manufacturing
3114	Fruit and Vegetable Preserving and Specialty Food Manufacturing
3115	Dairy Product Manufacturing
3116	Animal Slaughtering and Processing





71	Household and Institutional Furniture and Kitchen Cabinet Manufacturing
72	Office Furniture (Including Fixtures) Manufacturing
79	Other Furniture-related Product Manufacturing
31	Motor Vehicle and Motor Vehicle Parts and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers
33	Lumber and Other Construction Materials Merchant Wholesalers
35	Metal and Mineral (Except Petroleum) Merchant Wholesalers
39	Miscellaneous Durable Goods Merchant Wholesalers
14	Grocery and Related Product Merchant Wholesalers
18	Beer, Wine and Distilled Alcoholic Beverage Merchant Wholesalers
13	Automotive Parts, Accessories and Tire Stores
22	Home Furnishings Stores
1	Building Material and Supplies Dealers
12	Lawn and Garden Equipment and Supplies Stores
51	Grocery Stores
22	Department Stores
23	General Merchandise Stores, Including Warehouse Clubs and Supercenters
33	Used Merchandise Stores
13	Direct Selling Establishments
L1	Scheduled Air Transportation
11	General Freight Trucking
12	Specialized Freight Trucking
51	Urban Transit Systems
52	Interurban and Rural Bus Transportation
53	Taxi and Limousine Service
54	School and Employee Bus Transportation
59	Other Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation
71	Scenic and Sightseeing Transportation, Land
31	Support Activities for Air Transportation
33	Support Activities for Water Transportation



Electronically Data Submission

Required data submissions must be electronically submitted through OSHA's <u>ITA</u>. To comply with this requirement, employers may:

Use the webform on the ITA;

- Submit a comma-separated value file to the ITA; or
- Use an application programming interface feed.

The due date to complete this submission is March 2, 2024. The submission requirement is annual, and the deadline for timely submission of the previous year's injury and illness data will be on March 2 of each year.

Benefits of the New Requirements

Other than providing public access to injury information, the access to establishment-specific, case-specific injury and illness data will help OSHA identify establishments with specific hazards.

This will enable OSHA to interact directly with these establishments through enforcement and/or outreach activities to address and abate the hazards and improve worker safety and health. These same data will also allow OSHA to better analyze injury trends related to specific industries, processes or hazards.

OSHA is of the opinion that the collection and publication of data from Forms 300 and 301 will not only increase the amount of information available for analysis but will also result in more accurate statistics regarding work-related injuries and illnesses, including more detailed statistics on injuries and illnesses for specific occupations and industries.

Employer Next Steps

Employers should review the requirements in the final rule to understand whether they are in a designated industry and to understand any new regulatory requirements. Affected employers should update and implement related compliance policies and procedures by Jan. 1, 2024.